

Testing stock, ported and CJ 460 cylinder heads on the dyno

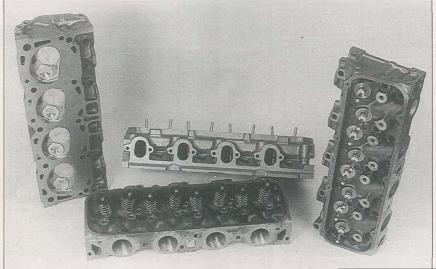
text and photography by Earl Davis

Regular readers will remember our story ("CJs Maxed," December '93) on out-of-the-box and ported Motorsport Cobra Jet cylinder heads for the 460 bigblock. The aluminum M-6049-A429 castings ran well, but thanks to a \$2600 readyto-run cost for a pair of fully-prepped and assembled heads, our dyno review caused some readers to slap us back to reality with a few well-taken letters to the editor.

Collectively they said, "What about us regular guys who can only afford stock cast-iron heads? Why not port a set of stock 429/460 heads?" An excellent question, and one we're happy to answer here, along with revisiting the CJ heads for comparison

So, we have taken a pair of inexpensive factory production iron D0VE-C heads, dynoed them at JBA Racing Engines for a baseline, then taken them to their limits by porting the runners and installing oversized valves. To keep things in perspective, we also installed a pair of race-prepped A429 CJ heads on the dyno mule without making any other changes. The resulting A-B-C test, or stock vs. modified vs. A429 CJ heads produced some interesting data that should gladden the budget-minded.

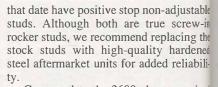
D0VE-C iron castings were the first mass-produced heads engineered for N-Code base 429 engines which means they are almost a common as rocks. Big-port Cobra Jet and Super Cobra Jet heads offer more performance potential but, as you'd guess, are rare and expensive. Engineered to deliver big low-rpm torque numbers at the expense of high-rpm horsepower, DOVE heads are durable, heavy and cheap. Pre-'73 versions are even factory equipped with screw-in rocker studs. Later 429/460 heads were cast to accept pedestal mounted stamped-steel rocker arms like the base Cleveland, 351/400M and late model 5.0 liter engines. DOVE heads installed before 11/1/69 are equipped with fully-adjustable rocker studs while castings assembled after



These dyno tests narrow down the performance value of race porting a pair of stock iron 429/460 cylinder heads. We first dyno tested a pair of stock iron heads, then without making any other changes, replaced them with a pair of ported heads equipped with larger valves. And, to see how the ported stockers stack up, we installed a pair of race-prepped Motorsport A429 aluminum CJ heads on the 460 dyno mule, again without making any other changes.

To ensure inculpable results, we acquired two pair of stock DOVE-C castings. A good valve job and standard-size stainless steel valves and they were ready to run.

March 1995

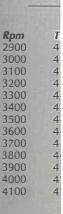


Compared to the 2600 clams required for a pair of race-prepped A429 heads, JBA Racing Engines sells D0VE-C iron castings ported, machined and assembled with quality hardware for around \$1400 a pair. Although that price doesn't include guide plates, rocker studs or shipping costs, it does include the bare castings. Thus a racer can save a little money by supplying his own used heads.

But before spending your vacation money on a pair of stock iron heads, we thought you would like to know how much performance you can realistically expect to gain bolting on a pair of fully-ported DOVE castings. Is it an exercise in futility compared to the output of race-prepped aluminum Cobra Jet heads? To find out, we strapped our 460 dyno mule to JBA Racing Engine's Superflow SF-901 dynamometer and spent the next two weeks exchanging cylinder heads and comparing data.

JBA Racing Engines built our 460 dyno only 58 perce mule about two years ago starting with a '70 vintage 429-cid block. A longer stroke nodular iron 460 crank was substituted for the stock 429 crank after it was magnafluxed, deburred and micropolished, plus a set of TRW L2404-F dished replacement pistons were fitted to the stock 6.605-inch connecting rods. Combining the piston's 17cc dish with the stock, pre-1972 77ct combustion chambers, yielded a streetable 9.4:1 compression ratio. The reciprocating assembly was balanced and blueprinted for added durability. The resulting engine has proved extremely durable during hundred of dyno tests. Preventative explorations into the bearings and rings showed virtually no wear. So much for the dyno murdering engines.

It's common knowledge almost all Ford cylinder heads are exhaust restricted which means achieving a respectable exhaust-tointake flow ratio is difficult at best and impossible in most cases. Base 429/460

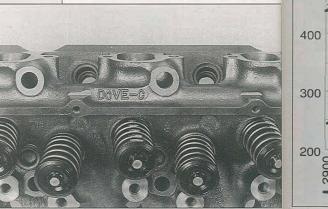


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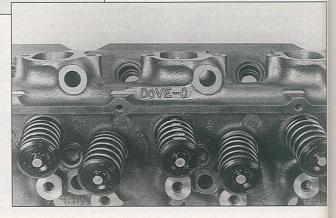
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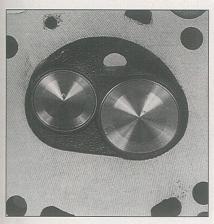


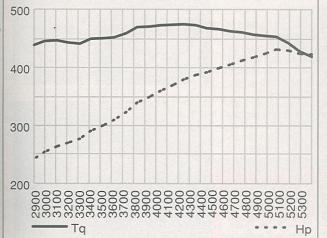
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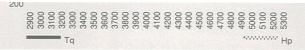
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heads are no exception. There is no way to enlarge the exhaust passages enough to bring the exhaust flow in line with the intake because there simply isn't sufficient material around the exhaust port. In our stock D0VE-C heads, for example, the unported exhaust runner flowed 53 percent as much air as the unported intake at maximum valve lift. An ideal exhaust ratio would be closer to 75 percent.

After porting, the ratio increased to only 58 percent, primarily because the intake ports also respond favorably. The amount of airflow through both the intake and exhaust runners increased proportion-

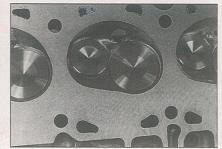






ally after porting. In fact, according to John Bridges, JBA Racing Engine's master head porter, as much can be gained by concentrating all of your efforts on the exhaust port and leaving the intake alone. "Without expensive welding, cutting and grinding, there is no physical way to obtain an ideal exhaust to intake flow ratio," he said. The flow charts printed below details what we gained by porting the stock heads:

One pair was treated to a quality valve job and their gasket surfaces were milled flat. Otherwise they were unmodified right down to the stock 2.080-inch intake and 1.650-inch exhaust valves.



Stock DOVE Head

	Intake	Exhaust	
Lift	Cfm	Cfm	Ex/In%
.050	34.46	27.35	.80
.100	68.01	56.26	.83
.150	103.94	91.33	.88
.200	138.48	104.72	.76
.250	174.70	118.10	.68
.300	207.28	128.18	.62
.350	230.97	136.37	.59
.400	245.77	141.41	.58
.450	257.61	143.61	.56
.500	268.27	144.56	.54
.550	275.97	145.82	.53
.600	281.30	145.82	.52

Ported DOVE Heads

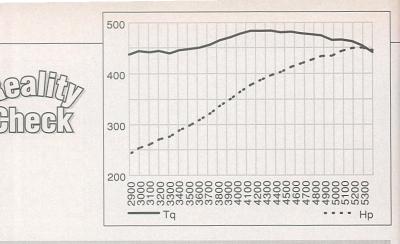
	Intake	Exhaust		
Lift	Cfm	Cfm	Ex/In%	
.050	34.36	29.69	.86	

Combustion chamber volume was held to 77cc to ensure each pair of heads would produce the same compression ratio. The ported DOVE heads shown were machined to accept overeized 2.190-inch intake and 1.735-inch exhaust valves. These castings will accept even larger valves but, according to John Bridges, the modification is pointless given the size of the runners.

Stock DOVE Heads

D	T	11-	0	7-	
Rpm	Tq	Нр	Rpm	Tq	Нр
2900	438.53	242.13	4200	474.43	379.40
3000	445.30	254.33	4300	472.97	387.23
3100	446.67	263.67	4400	467.70	391.83
3200	443.00	269.93	4500	466.03	399.30
3300	440.90	277.03	4600	462.63	405.20
3400	449.43	290.93	4700	460.70	412.27
3500	450.27	300.07	4800	456.83	417.50
3600	451.77	309.67	4900	454.67	424.17
3700	458.97	323.37	5000	453.20	431.47
3800	469.53	339.70	5100	442.27	429.47
3900	470.40	349.33	5200	428.33	424.10
4000	472.57	359.90	5300	418.97	422.80
4100	473.63	369.73			





Ported DOVE Heads

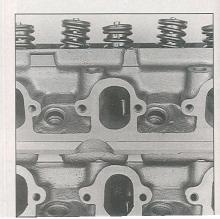
Rpm	Tq	Нр	Rpm	Tq	Нр	Rpm	Tq	Нр
2900	437.97	241.87	3800	465.70	336.97	4700	477.13	426.97
3000	444.80	254.07	3900	471.67	350.23	4800	474.90	434.03
3100	442.37	261.10	4000	478.53	364.47	4900	465.87	434.67
3200	444.97	271.13	4100	484.23	378.00	5000	466.47	444.10
3300	440.13	276.57	4200	484.10	387.13	5100	463.20	449.80
3400	446.33	288.93	4300	484.60	396.80	5200	455.27	450.77
3500	448.87	299.00	4400	481.20	403.13	5300	441.87	445.90
3600	451.27	309.30	4500	482.30	413.23			
3700	457.23	322.13	4600	479.17	419.70			

Intak	e Exhaust	t	
Lift	Cfm	Cfm	Ex/In%
.100	70.29	59.38	.84
.150	109.77	92.12	.84
.200	146.57	119.05	.81
.250	185.07	135.74	.73
.300	216.75	149.28	.69
.350	244.59	162.71	.67
.400	269.46	167.45	.62
.450	286.04	170.61	.60
.500	299.26	173.77	.58
.550	303.72	176.93	.58
.600	308.19	180.09	.58

A dual-pattern camshaft can somewhat improve a poor exhaust flow ratio by opening the exhaust valve further and holding it open longer in relationship to the intake valve. With that in mind, Competition Cams ground a dual-pattern camshaft specifically for this series of

The ported DOVE castings (top) picked up 27.77 cfm of airflow on the intake side and 31.11 additional cfm through the exhaust runners over the stock unported heads (bottom). Tapered stem SI valves further reduced restriction which enhanced airflow tests. The part number, 34-000-5, denotes a 429/460 cam blank. The grind number, FF 280-3/288-9 H12, contains the profile specifications. Intake gross valve lift of our dyno cam measures .529-inch while the exhaust is opened .557-inch. Intake and exhaust duration at .050-inch is 230/237 degrees respectively. The H12 indicates a 112 degree centerline.

We chose Offenhauser's Port-O-Sonic intake manifold for this test series



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ADAPTER

This aluminum adapter relocates the throttle body to allow the use of our #3821 manifold on a 1994-95 Mustang. Works with stock or Edelbrock/BBK throttle bodies. Requires Brace #5225. 1994-95 Mustangs......#3835

THROTTLE BODIES

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and 24 ft/lbs. more torque than the Ford "Sidewinder".

These test results were with our new Performer





continued from page 38

because it best suits the application and it is the only manifold that can be port matched to either the smaller stock intake runners or the larger CJ inlet ports. You may recall our 460 "Intake Inquiry" in the February '93 issue where the single-plane Offy didn't come off so well compared to the big dual-plane competition when all the intakes were run box-stock. That was our mistake in some respects, as the Offy is sold with porting in mind. Thus, out-ofthe-box it's only so-so, but once ported it makes power, as this test shows.

A baseline was set with a pair of stonestock D0VE-C heads installed on our 460 dyno mule. Except for a quality valve job, the ports in the stock castings were untouched. All three pairs of heads; the stock D0VE, ported D0VE and the race prepared A429 Cobra Jet heads, were equipped with SI stainless steel valves, Competition Cams 924-16 valve springs, 741-16 1.550-inch diameter steel retainers, 611-16 Super Locks, 503-16 11/32inch Teflon valve stem seals, Motorsport M-6566-A429 guide plates and Motorsport M-6527-A331 rocker studs.

When the dust settled and the 64 dyno sheets were tabulated and the runs averaged, it turned out our dyno mule made some nice numbers. For starters, the engine opens the dyno sheets at a loafing 2900 rpm with over 435 ft/lbs of torque and 240 hp every time. You gotta love big-blocks. Our peak numbers came with the aluminum A429 heads, of course. They topped out with 484 ft/lbs of torque and 450 hp, clearly, more camming and

The printed data illustrating the performance of each pair of cylinder heads is averaged from a minimum of three back-to-back dyno passes. The timing and carburetor jetting was not changed once testing began. It was necessary, however, to install sparkplugs one heat ranger colder than stock when running the iron heads and two ranges hotter when the aluminum heads were installed.

> It's typically the small things that cause the headaches, and with these different 460 cylinder heads, get-

ting the right intake gaskets is important. We installed Fel-Pro

1230 gaskets when combining a small-

port intake with a pair of base 429/460 heads. compression would have better showcased these heads. As for our porting work, grinding on the stock heads turned out to be worth 19.3 horsepower and 10.2 ft/lbs of torque spread over a 2800 to 5100 rpm range. To quote a well-documented disclaimer, "results may vary depending on the equipment used."

Our A429 heads were worth a paltry 5.3 hp and 1.9 ft/lbs of torque over the ported stockers — again, more camming would have shown a larger difference. Just the same, it's clear a set of early stock heads with a good port job can hold their own on budget engines. Of course, this doesn't take into consideration the additional power the A429 heads have in them, nor do the considerable handling and speed benefits of aluminum come into play on the dyno.



Sources:

Competition Cams, Inc. 3406 Democrat Rd Memphis, TN 38118 (901) 795-2400

Fel-Pro Incorporated 7450 North McCormick Blvd. P.O. Box 1103 Skokie, IL 60076 (708) 674-7700 (708) 674-5816 fax

Hooker Industries, Incorporated 1024 W. Brooks Street Ontario, CA 91762 (909) 983-5871 (909) 986-9860 fax

JBA Racing Engines 7149 Mission Gorge Rd, Suite A San Diego, CA 92120 (619) 229-7765

Offenhauser Sales Corporation 5300 Alhambra Ave. P.O. Box 32218 Los Angeles, CA 90032 (213) 225-1307 (213) 225-2789 fax

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March 1995

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CJ/SCJ heads (aluminum or steel), or when combining a large-port intake with a pair of base small-port heads. The same intake and head

gaskets were used through three equipment

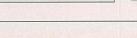
A single-plane Offenhauser Port-O-Sonic man-

ifold was used in all tests partly because its rpm range best suited our application and partly because it is the only 385 Series manifold that

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can be gasket matched to small-port base 429/460 heads or extra large CJ/SCJ runners.



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